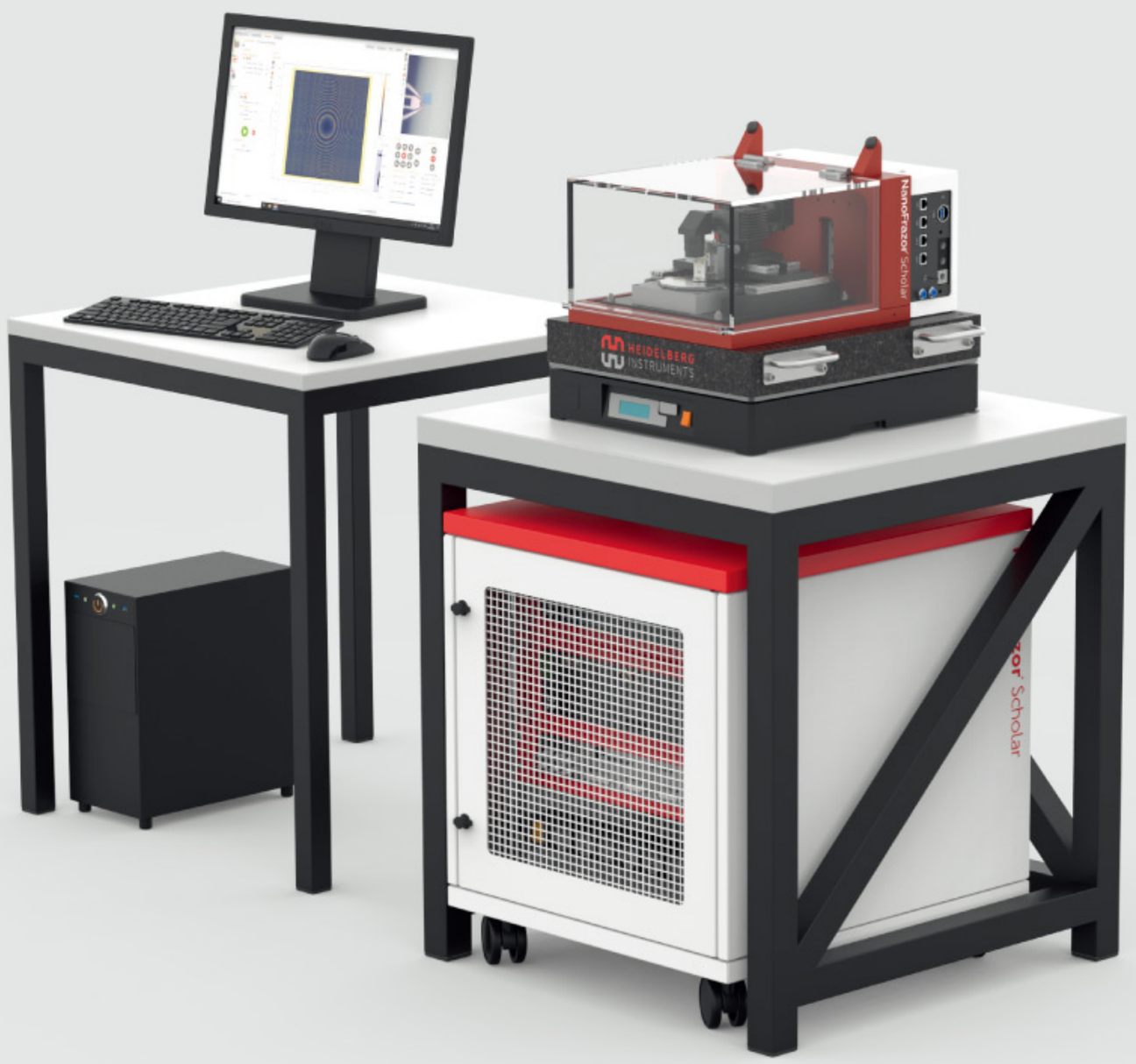
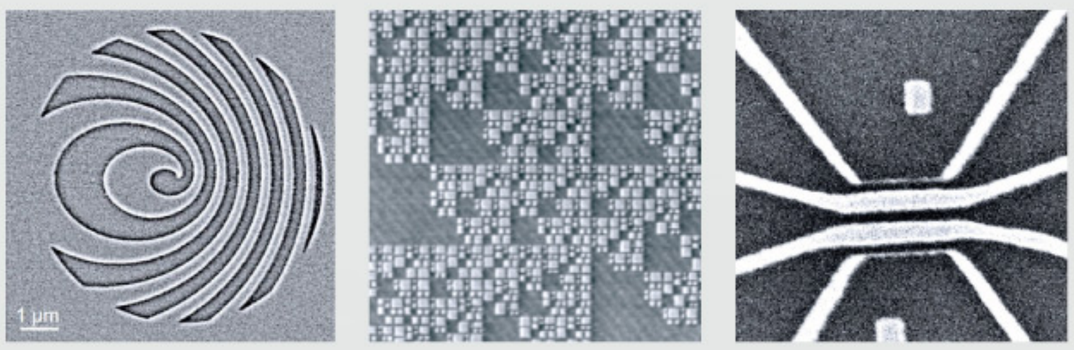
HEIDELBERG INSTRUMENTS

NanoFrazor® Scholar

ADVANCED NANOLITHOGRAPHY FOR EVERYONE



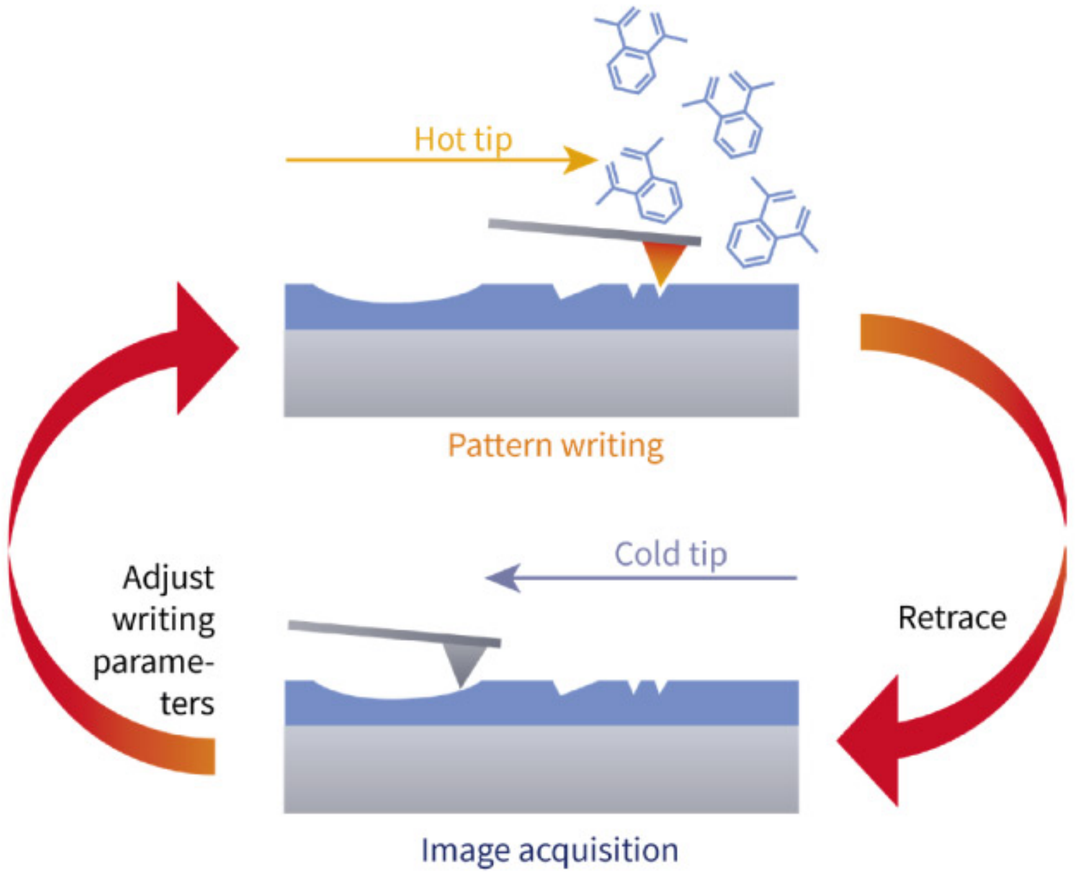


NanoFrazor® Scholar

TABLETOP DIRECT WRITE NANOLITHOGRAPHY

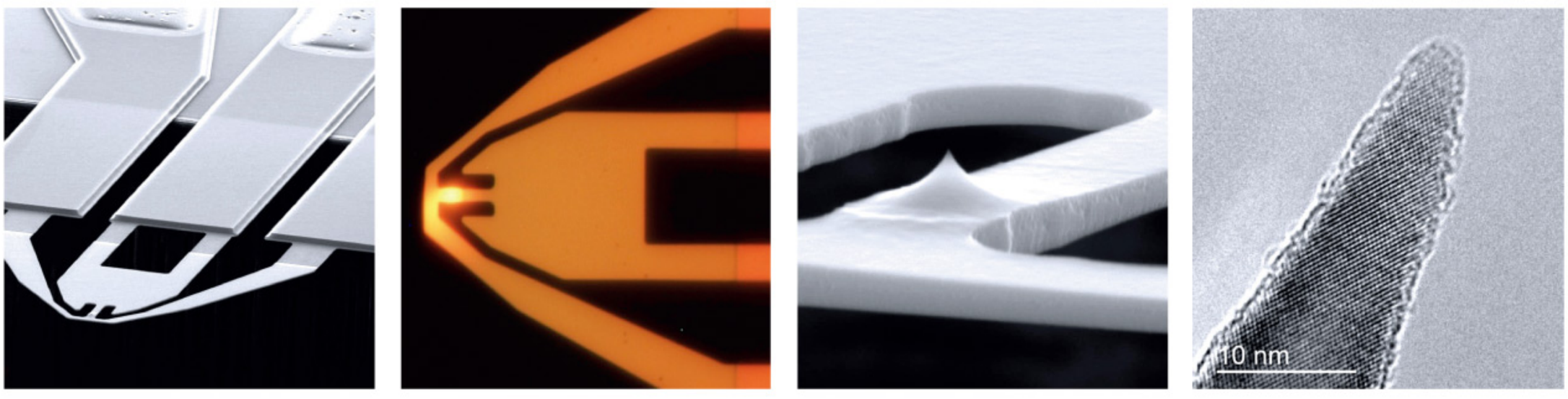
The NanoFrazor® Scholar is an entry-level nanopatterning system with many unique capabilities. It is particularly well-suited for academic research groups as a simple tool to easily create their own high-quality nanopatterns and devices.

NanoFrazor lithography systems are based on thermal scanning probe lithography. Core of the NanoFrazor® technology is an ultra-sharp heatable probe tip which is used for writing and simultaneous inspection of complex nanostructures. The heated tip creates arbitrary, high-resolution nanostructures by local sublimation of resists. Standard pattern transfer methods like lift-off or etching can be applied.



Patented “Closed-Loop Lithography” ensures high patterning accuracy

NANOFRAZOR CANTILEVERS

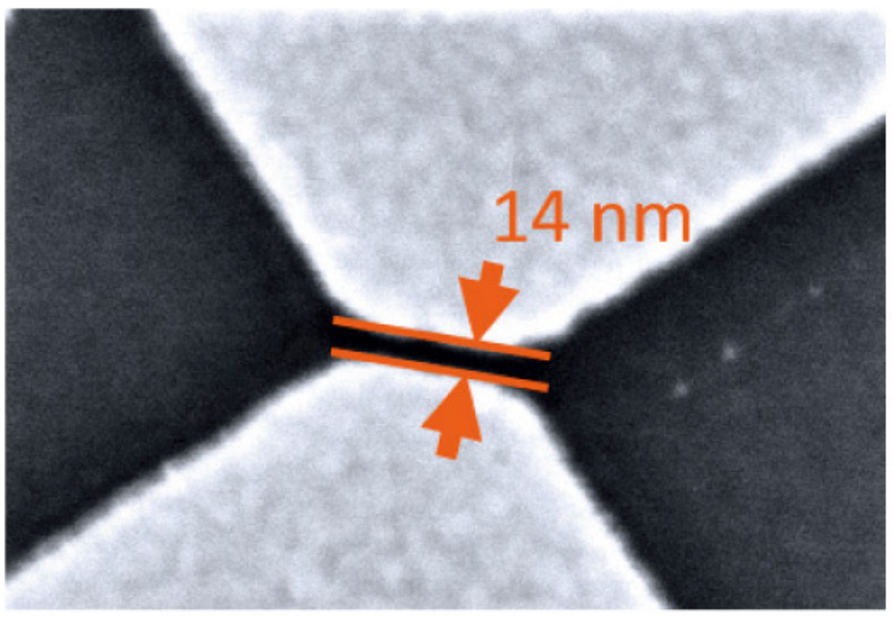


- Ultra-sharp Si tip
- Integrated tip heater
- Integrated force actuation
- Integrated topography sensor
- Fast exchange and calibration

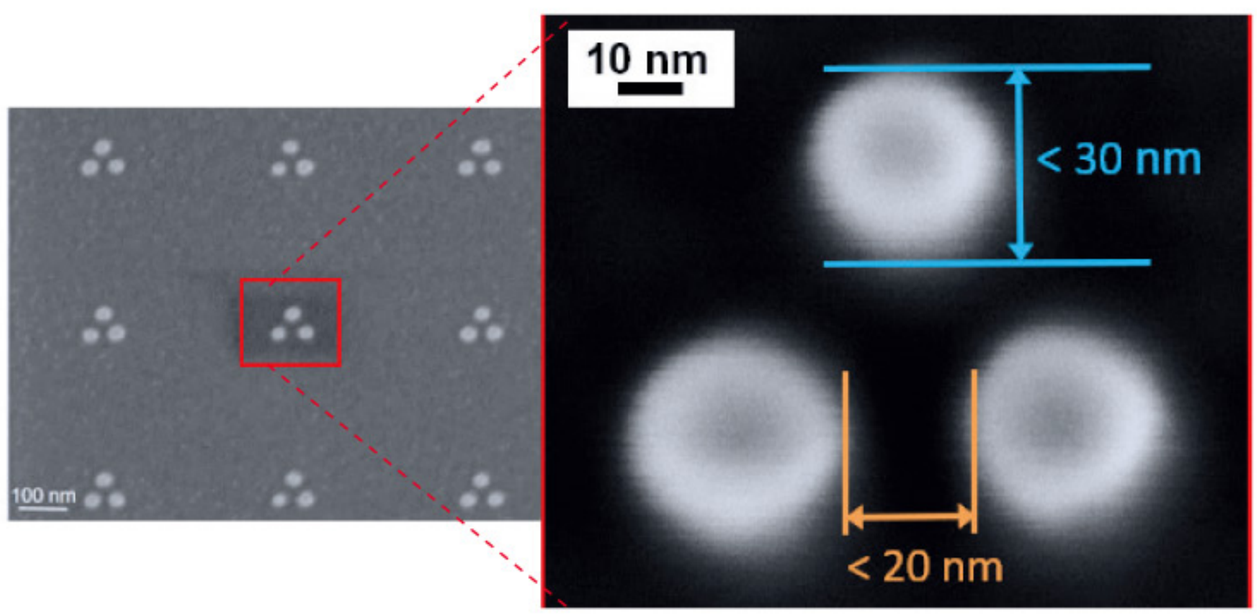
RAPID PROTOTYPING OF NANODEVICES

- Thermal probe lithography is the fastest of all scanning probe lithography methods (few µs exposure per pixel).
- Direct resist removal and in-situ inspection enable fast turn-around times.
- Detection of features buried under resist (e.g. 2D material flakes, nanowires, ...) for quick and accurate overlay of electrodes.

ULTRA-HIGH RESOLUTION



Gap between two metal electrodes made with a simple lift-off process

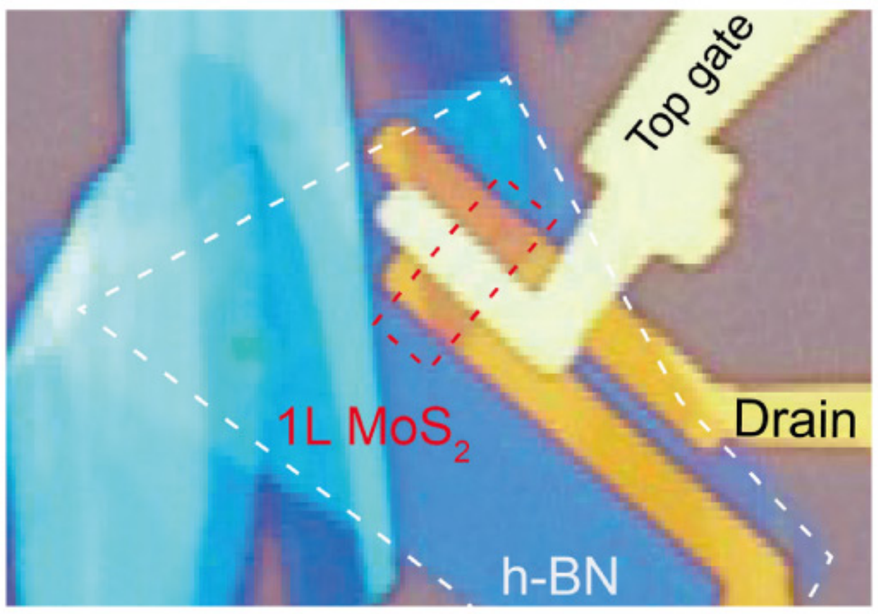


Trimers etched into gold

NANOPATTERNING OF SENSITIVE MATERIALS AND DEVICES

NANOFRAZOR LITHOGRAPHY

The tip heats the top resist layer only. Material below the resist (e.g. 2D materials, topological insulators, nanowires, etc) remain completely unharmed during patterning of the resist. The NanoFrazor® can be incorporated inside a glovebox. This facilitates nanolithography on samples that deteriorate in air.

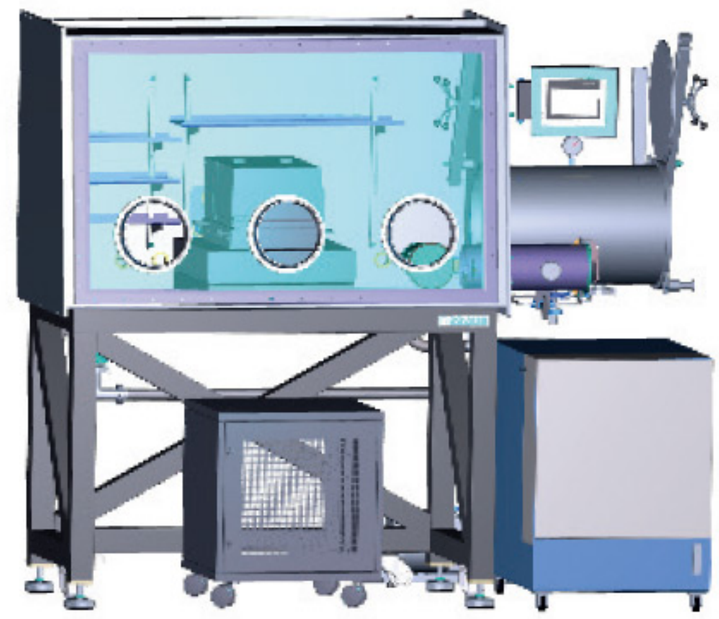


MoS_2 **top-gate transistors with record on/off ratios of 10^{10}. Significantly less damage** and resist residues compared to contacts made by EBL lead to vanishing Schottky barriers at the contacts.

Courtesy of Riedo group at NYU, see Zheng et al, Nat. Electronics 2019

CHARGED-PARTICLE LITHOGRAPHY

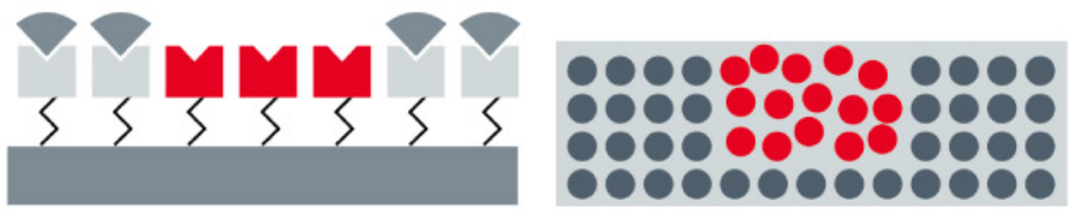
Exposure to high-energy charged particles damages samples by unwanted creation & scission of covalent bonds, vacancies, trapped charges or lattice defects. Such defects deteriorate the device performance when using sensitive materials or designs.



NanoFrazor Scholar inside a custom designed glovebox from MBraun

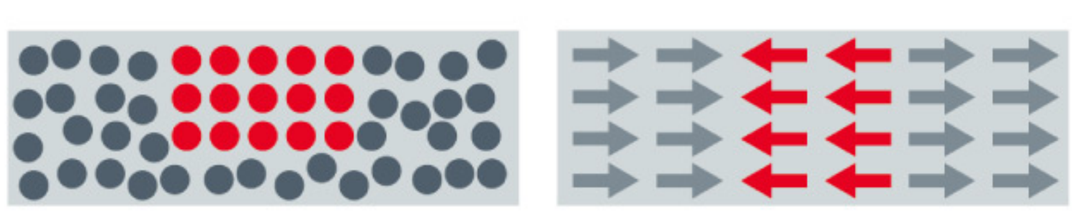
NANOSCALE MATERIAL CONVERSION

The heated tip can alternatively be used to induce highly localized **modification of materials: Deprotection of functional groups,** precursor conversion, amorphization, crystallization, change of magnetic orientation, etc.



OTHER UNIQUE CAPABILITIES

- **3D grayscale lithography** with unprecedented accuracy enabled by closed-loop lithography
- **Accurate overlay and stitching** without artificial markers, achieved by topography imaging



NanoFrazor® Scholar

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Patterning performance	
Minimum structure size [nm]	20
Minimum lines and spaces [half pitch, nm]	30
Grayscale / 3D-resolution (step size in PPA) [nm]	3
Writing field size [X µm x Y µm]	60 x 60
Field stitching accuracy (markerless, using in-situ imaging) [nm]	50
Overlay accuracy (markerless, using in-situ imaging) [nm]	50
Write speed (typical scan speed) [mm/s]	0.5
Write speed (50 nm pixel) [µm²/min]	500
Imaging performance	
Lateral imaging resolution (feature size) [nm]	10
Vertical resolution (topography sensitivity) [nm]	<0.5
Imaging speed (@ 50 nm resolution) [µm²/min]	500
System features	
Substrate sizes	1 x 1 mm² to 100 x 100 mm² Thickness: 5 mm with optical access, 10 mm without optical access
Optical microscope	0.6 µm digital resolution, 2.4 µm diffraction limit, 1.0 mm x 1.0 mm field of view
Magnetic cantilever holder	Fast (< 1 min) and accurate tip exchange
Housing	Compact housing with separate controller rack, active vibration isolation
Software features	GDS and bitmap import, topography image analysis and drawing for overlay, fully automated calibration routines, Python scripting
NanoFrazor cantilever features	
Integrated components	Tip heater, topography sensor, electrostatic actuation
Tip geometry	Conical tip with < 10 nm radius and 750 nm length
Tip heater temperature range	25 °C – 1100 °C (< 1 K setpoint resolution)
System dimensions & installation requirements	
Height × width × depth	Table top: 40 cm x 40 cm x 45 cm, electronic trolley: 66 cm x 56 cm, x 60 cm
Weight	100 kg
Power input	1 x 110 or 220 V AC, 10 A
Vibration and noise level	Ambient acoustic noise levels need to be kept below 40 dB for best performance. A strong table is required. Floor requires vibration level VC-B.
Other considerations	
Recipe book with detailed descriptions of various processes is available (regularly updated with software).	
Cantilever tips degrade over time (> 50 h patterning possible). Exchange is fast and low cost for tool owners.	
A cleanroom or special laboratory is not required. No vacuum needed.	
Unique capabilities make it easy to receive government funding (for system itself or later research projects).	

Please note: Specifications depend on individual process conditions and may very according to equipment configuration.
Write speed depends on exposure area. Design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

STELLA

Tel: +86-512-62529622

Fax: +86-512-62522966

苏州工业园区北摆宴街8号
恒润商务大厦一楼A-3

www.stella-litho.com

联系人: 江俊葳 先生 / Wesley
移动电话: 186 0621 7371
Email: wesley@stella-litho.com

联系人: 李卓彦 先生 / Joseph
移动电话: 189 3613 9622
Email: joseph@stella-litho.com

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